**The Roman REPUBLIC**

**Geography of Rome**

Rome is located on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Southern Europe.

* Remember a peninsula is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Rome is located between the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Because of its location on the water, Rome became an important center for trade.

* Like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Rome was surrounded by \_\_\_\_\_\_ and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that protected it from attack.
* However, it was easier to unify than Greece because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Rome is located on a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that was good for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - this helped support a growing population!

**Early People of Rome**

Around 800 B.c., the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (ancestors of Romans) moved into Italy. They settled along the Tiber River where they herded and farmed.

* The Latin villages eventually grew into Rome, the “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”
* Legend says that Romulus and Remus founded the city. Romulus and Remus were said to be the sons of the God Mars – giving Rome divine origins.

Romans shared the peninsula with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

* They learned a great deal from the Etruscans – adapting their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, engineering techniques, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**The Roman Republic**

The Etruscans were driven out in Rome in 509 B.C. and the Romans founded a form of government called a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

* Republic – form of government in which \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

The Republic consisted of:

* Senate – \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (like the Senate in our Gov’t) – only patricians!
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ – the rich landowners of Roman society (only \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of all Romans).
* Consuls – two consuls supervised government and commanded the armies (like a President in our gov’t) – originally only patricians could be consuls!!
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ –ruler selected by the Senate in times of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was the most famous Roman dictator.

**The Plebeians**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were the middle class workers and farmers (\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the population). In the beginning, Plebeians had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and were treated very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

* In time, Plebeians gained the right to elect people to represent them in government called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* The Tribunes had the power to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that were harmful to the plebeians.

If the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were known for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were known for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!!!

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ –(450 B.C.) first Roman laws written down.
* Gave Plebeains more power and rights

Later the U.S. Constitution would adopt many Roman ideas like the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (no branch has too much power).

**Life in the Roman Republic**

*The Roman Family*

* According to Roman Law, men had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ over the family. He used strict discipline and demanded total respect.
* Roman women had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ power than Greek women - they could own property, start a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and (eventually) influence \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Unlike the Greeks, Romans educated \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ children.

*Roman Religion*

The Romans were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, believing in many gods. Most of their gods were adapted from Greek religion.

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_~ chief god; god of the sky
* Mars ~ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_~ god of the sea.
* Venus ~ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Roman Conquest**

By 270 B.C., Rome \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the Italian Peninsula and started a campaign to conquer other lands.

Roman success was due to skillful diplomacy and a well trained army called a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

* Legion – \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

To unify their growing empire, Romans treated their captured enemies \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They allowed their captives to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their customs, money, and government.

* They also gave captives \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ – making them loyal to Rome.
* Finally, they built (Roman) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to keep communication between the Empire and distant lands.

**The Punic Wars**

Rome’s conquest of the Italian Peninsula in 270 B.C. led to conflicts with a city-state in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ called Carthage.

* Between 264 B.C. and 146 B.C., Rome fought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ called the Punic Wars.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* 1st Punic War = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wins and gains lands (Sicily, Sardinia, and Corsica)
* 2nd Punic War = Carthage wants revenge and appoints General \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_– but Rome wins again!
* 3rd Punic War = Rome wins and completely destroys Carthage. Rome now \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Mediterranean.

Rome begins a policy of **Imperialism** – \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Fall of the Roman Republic**

As a result of the Punic Wars, many people in Rome became\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The rich people built huge estates, called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and bought slaves to work their lands.

* The latifundia \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and resulted in many landless and homeless farmers – this led to conflict between Romans.
* Two young patricians, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, tried to make Reforms and give the poor farmers land, but angry riots broke out and they were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Rome was unable to resolve its problems and many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ began.

* From the chaos arose \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, an ambitious military commander.

**The Roman EMPIRE**

**Julius Caesar**

* Rome plunged into a series of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Out of the chaos emerged **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**
	+ Caesar was a brilliant military commander who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Belgium and France)
	+ He had many victories and added to Rome’s size and riches.
* Caesar’s rival was**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**
	+ Pompey \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Caesar defeats Pompey and then travels around the Mediterranean\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (stopping) rebellions.
	+ “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” – meaning I came, I saw, I conquered

**Caesar Changes Rome**

* Caesar returned to Rome after his successful conquests and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to make him **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,** or the absolute ruler of Rome.
* Caesar made many reforms to Rome:
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Developed the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Public works to employ the jobless

**Caesar is Killed**

* Caesar’s enemies worried that Caesar planned to make himself King of Rome.
* So…they planned to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him.
	+ March 44 B.C., Caesar arrived in the Senate and his enemies \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
	+ Becomes known as the “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**Revenge!**

* New \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ erupt as a result of Caesar’s death.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ join to hunt down the murders and seek revenge.
	+ Mark Antony and Octavian begin to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (possibly over a beautiful Egyptian Queen named \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_)
	+ Begins a bitter struggle for power
* In 31 B.C. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Mark Antony and Cleopatra.

**Age of Augustus**

* Senate gave Octavian the title of **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**, meaning exalted one.
	+ While Augustus was not a “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” he had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and named his successors.
* Under Augustus, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!!

**Governing the Empire**

* Augustus laid the foundation for a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ government.
	+ Ruled by an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who inherited power, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and was worshipped as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after death.
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which had 600 members and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, acted as a court, and elected magistrates.
* Created a more **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** using the **census**, or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, for the empire to know who should pay taxes.

**Pax Romana**

* The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that began with Augustus is known as the period of the **Pax Romana**, or “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”
* During this period there was peace, order, unity, and prosperity across the Roman Empire.
* The Empire stretched all the way to Great Britain!
* **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** were built to increase trade
* Roman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ maintained and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the empire.
	+ Roman Laws, called the **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**, were codified by Hadrian.

**Greco-Roman Culture**

Rome absorbed many ideas from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that lived in Southern Italy.

* To the Romans, Greek \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ represented the height of cultural achievements.
* The Romans adopted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ achievements.

The blending of Greek, Hellenistic, and Roman traditions produced what is known as the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

* Trade and travel during the Pax Romana helped spread this new civilization.

**Problem of Power**

* However, there was one serious problem: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?
	+ Romans did not believe in passing power from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
	+ This led to intrigue, violence, and some pretty \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Emperors!