World History NB # \_\_\_\_\_\_

**Early Greece**

**Geography of Greece**

While the earliest civilizations developed in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, a very different set of geographic conditions influenced the rise of Greece.

* Greece is a small country located on a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Southern Europe with many islands.
  + Peninsula ~ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Greece is surrounded by the Ionian Sea, Mediterranean Sea, and Aegean Sea.
* The Sea was very important to Ancient Greeks – most people used the sea to make a living.
* Most Greeks were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who exported olive oil and wine.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_divide the peninsula into isolated valleys that separate the Greek city-states.

**Early People of the Aegean**

The earliest civilization to settle in Greece was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

* The Minoans were successful \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who lived on the Island of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* The Minoans suddenly vanished around 1400 B.C., probably a volcano or earthquake.

Around 1400 B.C., the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ conquered mainland Greece and established a sea-trading empire.

These are the first Greek Speaking people of whom we have a written record.

**The Mycenaeans**

The Mycenaean civilization dominated the Aegean world from 1400 BC to 1200 BC.

* They often traveled beyond the Aegean to Sicily, Italy, Egypt, and Mesopotamia. They absorbed Egyptian and Mesopotamian \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.many of which they passed on to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Like the Minoan’s before them, they were also sea traders.
* Their Civilization was divided into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.would built a thick-walled Fortress and rule the surrounding villages.

**The Trojan War**

In 1250 B.C., the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fought the Trojan War against their economic rival \_\_\_\_\_\_ (in Turkey).

* The war lasted 10 years, until the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and burned the city to the ground.

Most of what we know about the Trojan War comes from two great \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ written by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the Iliad and the Odyssey.

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ~ story of the Trojan War with a talking horse.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ~ tells the story of Odysseus on his way home after the Trojan War to his wife.

**Decline of the Mycenae**

* Not Long after their victory over Troy, The Mycenaens themselves came under attack from sea raiders (also greek speaking) called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , invading from the North.
* AS Mycenaean power faded, and their cities and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ declined.
* People forgot many skills, including the art of writing
* After the Dorian invasions, Greece passed several centuries in obscurity.
* The people lived in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and had little contact with the outside world.
* However, over time a new Greek civilization will be forged that will\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the region and influence the western world.

**The Greek City-States**

**Governing the City-States**

As the Greek world expanded after 750 B.C., the Greeks developed a new version of a city-state called a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and new forms of government.

* **Polis** ~ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Each polis had an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or high city, with a large marble temple.

*New Forms of Government*

#1 Monarchy

* The earliest form of government in Greece was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. A monarch is a king or queen who has supreme power. A monarchy is a government that is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Most Greek city states started out as monarchies but changed over time to other forms of government.

#2 Oligarchy

* Sparta and other city-states developed a political system called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Oligarchy means “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.” In an oligarchy, people rule because of wealth or land ownership.

#3 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* Poor people were not part of government in monarchies or oligarchies. Poor people came to resent this and began rebellions.
* A wealthy person who wanted to seize power made use of that anger. He would ask poor people to support him in becoming a leader. Such leaders were called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In Greece, a tyrant was someone who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

#4 Direct Democracy

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and some other city-states began to develop a democratic form of government, in which citizens had a more active role in the government.
* Direct Democracy is a government in which the citizens work together to decide on the \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in elections, and sit on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

#5 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* Indirect Democracy is a type of government in which the citizens make political decisions through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* In an Indirect Democracy, people elect representatives to make laws. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an example of an indirect democracy.

**Athens and Sparta**

Two very different city-states came to dominate Greece: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*Athens: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*

Athenian government began as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and evolved into an aristocracy. However, people were not happy and Athens moved towards a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

* The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ developed in Athens.
* While Athens direct democracy allowed citizens to play a role in law making, it was a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were not considered citizens and could not vote and had no rights.

Athenians valued \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, philosophy, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

* In Athens, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ attended school, but girls did not.

*\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: The Military Ideal*

Unlike Athens, Sparta developed a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ city-state ruled by two kings and a council of elders.

* The government of Sparta was an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ruled by a few elite people.
* Spartans had many slaves, called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, who outnumbered the rulers. Therefore, Sparta set up a brutal system of strict control over the Helots.

A Spartan’s life revolved around the military and discipline.

* Every newborn was “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” and sickly children were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to die.
* At the age of \_\_\_, boys began very difficult training for the military and continued to serve in the military until they were \_\_\_\_\_\_ years old!

Spartan women could \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but had few other rights. Their main duty was to produce \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Conflict in the Greek World**

*\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*

In 499 B.C., the Ionian Greeks rebelled against Persian rule. The Greek city-states declared war against Persia – the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!!

* After the Persian Wars, Athens formed an alliance among the city-states called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* The Delian League was meant to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the city-states, promote \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and help \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Greece from invaders.

*The Peloponnesian Wars*

In 431 B.C., war broke out between \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because many Greeks disliked Athenian control.

* Who do you think will win?
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!!
* Signals the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the Greek World.